

What is pregnancy loss?

Pregnancy loss is the death of an unborn baby (fetus) at any time during pregnancy. Most pregnancy losses happen during the first trimester. This is often so early that the mother doesn't even know she is pregnant.

About half of early pregnancy losses are from problems with genes or chromosomes. But other things can also play a role. It is usually not caused by anything the mother did.

Many grieving families have found the following to be helpful:

Seeing or holding the baby if possible in later pregnancy losses and with babies with a birth defect who die.

Remembrances. These include a lock of hair, hand or footprint, photographs, or naming of the baby.

Counseling with a professional who is experienced in grief counseling.
Holding a memorial or funeral service.





The Effect

The consequences of failing to address adolescent mental health conditions extend to adulthood, impairing both physical and mental health and limiting opportunities to lead fulfilling lives as adults. Mental health conditions can have a substantial effect on all areas of life, such as school or work performance, relationships with family and friends and ability to participate in the community.

Promotion and prevention

Mental health promotion and prevention interventions aim to strengthen an individual's capacity to regulate emotions, enhance alternatives to risk-taking behaviors, build resilience for managing difficult situations and adversity, and promote supportive social environments and social networks.



- Globally, one in seven 10-19-year-olds experiences a mental disorder, accounting for 15% of the global burden of disease in this age group, yet these remain largely unrecognized and untreated.
- There has been a 22% rise in mental health conditions and substance use disorders in the last decade (to 2019).
- Approximately one in five people in post-conflict settings have a mental health condition.
- Two of the most common mental health conditions, depression and anxiety, cost the global economy US\$ 1 trillion each year.
- Depression, anxiety and behavioral disorders are among the leading causes of illness and disability among adolescents.
- Suicide is the third leading cause of death among 15-19 year-olds.